

# **Chemtools Pty Ltd**

Chemwatch: **2742-101** Version No: **2.1** Safety Data Sheet according to WHS Regulations (Haza

Safety Data Sheet according to WHS Regulations (Hazardous Chemicals) Amendment 2020 and ADG requirements Safety Data Sheet according to the Health and Safety at Work (Hazardous Substances) Regulations 2017

Chemwatch Hazard Alert Code: 1 Issue Date: 26/04/2023

Issue Date: **26/04/2023** Print Date: **30/04/2023** S.GHS.AUS/NZ.EN.E

# SECTION 1 Identification of the substance / mixture and of the company / undertaking

### **Product Identifier**

Product name	DEOX R555 All Purpose Lanolin Wool Grease	
Chemical Name	Not Applicable	
Chemical formula	Not Applicable	
Other means of identification	Not Available	

## Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses

Grease. Use according to manufacturer's directions.

### Details of the manufacturer or supplier of the safety data sheet

Registered company name	Chemtools Pty Ltd	Chemtools Pty Ltd
Address	Unit 2, 14 - 16 Lee Holm Road St Marys NSW 2760 Australia	15/62 Factory Road Belfast Christchurch 8051 New Zealand
Telephone	1300 738 250, +61 2 9833 9766	+64 9 940 2745
Fax	+61 2 9623 3670	+61 2 9623 3670
Website	www.chemtools.com.au	www.chemtools.co.nz
Email	sales@chemtools.com.au	sales@chemtools.com.au

# Emergency telephone number

Association / Organisation	Poisons Information Centre	National Poisons Centre
Emergency telephone numbers	13 11 26	0800 764 766
Other emergency telephone numbers	Not Available	Not Available

# **SECTION 2 Hazards identification**

# Classification of the substance or mixture

# NON-HAZARDOUS CHEMICAL. NON-DANGEROUS GOODS. According to the WHS Regulations and the ADG Code.

Poisons Schedule	Not Applicable
Classification [1]	Not Applicable
Legend:	1. Classified by Chemwatch; 2. Classification drawn from HCIS; 3. Classification drawn from Regulation (EU) No 1272/2008 - Annex VI

### Label elements

Hazard pictogram(s)	Not Applicable
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### Issue Date: 26/04/2023 Print Date: 30/04/2023

#### **DEOX R555 All Purpose Lanolin Wool Grease**

Signal word Not Applicable

# Hazard statement(s)

Not Applicable

### Precautionary statement(s) Prevention

Not Applicable

#### Precautionary statement(s) Response

Not Applicable

### Precautionary statement(s) Storage

Not Applicable

#### Precautionary statement(s) Disposal

Not Applicable

#### Not considered a Hazardous Substance according to the criteria of the New Zealand Hazardous Substances New Organisms legislation. Not regulated for transport of Dangerous Goods.

#### NFPA 704 diamond



Note: The hazard category numbers found in GHS classification in section 2 of this SDSs are NOT to be used to fill in the NFPA 704 diamond. Blue = Health Red = Fire Yellow = Reactivity White = Special (Oxidizer or water reactive substances)

Classification [1]	Not Applicable
Determined by Chemwatch using GHS/HSNO criteria	Not Available

#### Label elements

Hazard pictogram(s)	Not Applicable
Signal word	Not Applicable

#### Hazard statement(s)

Not Applicable

# **Supplementary Phrases**

Not Applicable

### Precautionary statement(s) Prevention

Not Applicable

# Precautionary statement(s) Response

Not Applicable

### Precautionary statement(s) Storage

Not Applicable

### Precautionary statement(s) Disposal

Not Applicable

#### **SECTION 3 Composition / information on ingredients**

### Substances

See section below for composition of Mixtures

### Mixtures

CAS No	%[weight]	Name
Not Available	100	Non hazardous natural long chain waxy ester blend

Legend: 1. Classified by Chernwatch; 2. Classification drawn from CCID EPA NZ; 3. Classification drawn from Regulation (EU) No 1272/2008 - Annex VI; 4. Classification drawn from C&L; \* EU IOELVs available

### SECTION 4 First aid measures

### Description of first aid measures

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Eye Contact	<ul> <li>If this product comes in contact with eyes:</li> <li>Wash out immediately with water.</li> <li>If irritation continues, seek medical attention.</li> <li>Removal of contact lenses after an eye injury should only be undertaken by skilled personnel.</li> </ul>
Skin Contact	<ul> <li>If skin or hair contact occurs:</li> <li>Flush skin and hair with running water (and soap if available).</li> <li>Seek medical attention in event of irritation.</li> </ul>
Inhalation	<ul> <li>If fumes, aerosols or combustion products are inhaled remove from contaminated area.</li> <li>Other measures are usually unnecessary.</li> </ul>
Ingestion	<ul> <li>Immediately give a glass of water.</li> <li>First aid is not generally required. If in doubt, contact a Poisons Information Centre or a doctor.</li> </ul>

### Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptomatically.

# **SECTION 5 Firefighting measures**

#### **Extinguishing media**

- Foam.
- Dry chemical powder.
- BCF (where regulations permit).
- Carbon dioxide.
- Water spray or fog Large fires only.

### Special hazards arising from the substrate or mixture

Fire Incompatibility Avoid contamination with oxidising agents i.e. nitrates, oxidising acids, chlorine bleaches, pool chlorine etc. as ignition may result	У
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### Advice for firefighters

Fire Fighting	<ul> <li>Alert Fire Brigade and tell them location and nature of hazard.</li> <li>Wear breathing apparatus plus protective gloves.</li> <li>Prevent, by any means available, spillage from entering drains or water courses.</li> <li>Use water delivered as a fine spray to control fire and cool adjacent area.</li> <li>DO NOT approach containers suspected to be hot.</li> <li>Cool fire exposed containers with water spray from a protected location.</li> <li>If safe to do so, remove containers from path of fire.</li> <li>Equipment should be thoroughly decontaminated after use.</li> </ul>
Fire/Explosion Hazard	<ul> <li>Combustible.</li> <li>Slight fire hazard when exposed to heat or flame.</li> <li>Heating may cause expansion or decomposition leading to violent rupture of containers.</li> <li>On combustion, may emit toxic fumes of carbon monoxide (CO).</li> <li>May emit acrid smoke.</li> <li>Mists containing combustible materials may be explosive.</li> <li>Combustion products include:</li> <li>carbon monoxide (CO)</li> <li>carbon dioxide (CO2)</li> <li>other pyrolysis products typical of burning organic material.</li> </ul>

### **SECTION 6 Accidental release measures**

### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

See section 8

#### **Environmental precautions**

See section 12

### Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Minor Spills	<ul> <li>Clean up all spills immediately.</li> <li>Avoid contact with skin and eyes.</li> <li>Wear impervious gloves and safety goggles.</li> <li>Trowel up/scrape up.</li> <li>Place spilled material in clean, dry, sealed container.</li> <li>Flush spill area with water.</li> </ul>
Major Spills	<ul> <li>Clear area of personnel and move upwind.</li> <li>Alert Fire Brigade and tell them location and nature of hazard.</li> <li>Control personal contact with the substance, by using protective equipment.</li> <li>Prevent spillage from entering drains, sewers or water courses.</li> <li>Recover product wherever possible.</li> <li>Put residues in labelled containers for disposal.</li> <li>If contamination of drains or waterways occurs, advise emergency services.</li> </ul>

Personal Protective Equipment advice is contained in Section 8 of the SDS.

# **SECTION 7 Handling and storage**

### Precautions for safe handling

Safe handling	<ul> <li>Limit all unnecessary personal contact.</li> <li>Wear protective clothing when risk of exposure occurs.</li> <li>Use in a well-ventilated area.</li> <li>Avoid contact with incompatible materials.</li> <li>When handling, DO NOT eat, drink or smoke.</li> <li>Keep containers securely sealed when not in use.</li> <li>Avoid physical damage to containers.</li> <li>Always wash hands with soap and water after handling.</li> <li>Work clothes should be laundered separately.</li> <li>Use good occupational work practice.</li> <li>Observe manufacturer's storage and handling recommendations contained within this SDS.</li> <li>Atmosphere should be regularly checked against established exposure standards to ensure safe working conditions are maintained.</li> </ul>
Other information	<ul> <li>Store in original containers.</li> <li>Keep containers securely sealed.</li> <li>Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated area.</li> <li>Store away from incompatible materials and foodstuff containers.</li> <li>Protect containers against physical damage and check regularly for leaks.</li> <li>Observe manufacturer's storage and handling recommendations contained within this SDS.</li> </ul>

# Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage	incompatibility	Avoid contam <ul> <li>Avoid read</li> </ul>	ination o	,	tuffs, feed or	free from leaks. seed.	 		
		Avoid lead				•			



X — Must not be stored together

0 — May be stored together with specific preventions

+ — May be stored together

Note: Depending on other risk factors, compatibility assessment based on the table above may not be relevant to storage situations, particularly where large volumes of dangerous goods are stored and handled. Reference should be made to the Safety Data Sheets for each substance or article and risks assessed accordingly.

### **SECTION 8 Exposure controls / personal protection**

#### **Control parameters**

Occupational Exposure Limits (OEL)

INGREDIENT DATA

#### Not Available

Version No: 2.1

Emergency Limits

Ingredient	TEEL-1	TEEL-2		TEEL-3
DEOX R555 All Purpose Lanolin Wool Grease	Not Available	Not Available		Not Available
Ingredient	Original IDLH		Revised IDLH	
DEOX R555 All Purpose Lanolin Wool Grease	Not Available		Not Available	

#### **Exposure controls**

	Engineering controls are used to remove a hazard or place a engineering controls can be highly effective in protecting wo provide this high level of protection. The basic types of engineering controls are: Process controls which involve changing the way a job activ Enclosure and/or isolation of emission source which keeps a that strategically "adds" and "removes" air in the work enviro designed properly. The design of a ventilation system must r Employers may need to use multiple types of controls to pre General exhaust is adequate under normal operating conditi Correct fit is essential to obtain adequate protection. Provide contaminants generated in the workplace possess varying "of fresh circulating air required to effectively remove the contar Type of Contaminant:	rkers and will typically be independent of work ity or process is done to reduce the risk. a selected hazard "physically" away from the work onment. Ventilation can remove or dilute an air match the particular process and chemical or went employee overexposure. ons. If risk of overexposure exists, wear SAA e adequate ventilation in warehouse or closed escape" velocities which, in turn, determine the ninant.	vorker and ventilation r contaminant if contaminant in use. approved respirator. storage areas. Air
	solvent, vapours, degreasing etc., evaporating from tank (i	in still air)	(50-100 f/min)
	aerosols, fumes from pouring operations, intermittent cont welding, spray drift, plating acid fumes, pickling (released generation)	0.5-1 m/s (100-200 f/min.)	
Appropriate engineering controls	direct spray, spray painting in shallow booths, drum filling, discharge (active generation into zone of rapid air motion)	conveyer loading, crusher dusts, gas	1-2.5 m/s (200-500 f/min)
	grinding, abrasive blasting, tumbling, high speed wheel ge velocity into zone of very high rapid air motion).	nerated dusts (released at high initial	2.5-10 m/s (500-2000 f/min.)
	Within each range the appropriate value depends on:		
	Lower end of the range	Upper end of the range	
	1: Room air currents minimal or favourable to capture	e 1: Disturbing room air currents	
	2: Contaminants of low toxicity or of nuisance value only	/ 2: Contaminants of high toxicity	
	3: Intermittent, low production.	3: High production, heavy use	
	4: Large hood or large air mass in motion	4: Small hood - local control only	
	Simple theory shows that air velocity falls rapidly with distan generally decreases with the square of distance from the ex extraction point should be adjusted, accordingly, after refere extraction fan, for example, should be a minimum of 1-2 m/s meters distant from the extraction point. Other mechanical c apparatus, make it essential that theoretical air velocities are installed or used.	traction point (in simple cases). Therefore the nee to distance from the contaminating source (200-400 f/min.) for extraction of solvents get onsiderations, producing performance deficits	air speed at the e. The air velocity at the nerated in a tank 2 within the extraction
Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment			
	Safety glasses with side shields		

Safety glasses with side shields

Chemical goggles.

Contact lenses may pose a special hazard; soft contact lenses may absorb and concentrate irritants. A written policy document, describing the wearing of lenses or restrictions on use, should be created for each workplace or task. This should include a review of lens absorption and adsorption for the class of chemicals in use and an account of injury experience. Medical and first-aid personnel should be trained in their removal and suitable equipment should be readily available. In the event of chemical exposure, begin eye irrigation immediately and remove contact lens as soon as practicable. Lens should be removed at the first signs of eye redness or irritation - lens should be removed in a clean environment only after workers

Eye and face protection

	have washed hands thoroughly. [CDC NIOSH Current Intelligence Bulletin 59], [AS/NZS 1336 or national equivalent]
Skin protection	See Hand protection below
Hands/feet protection	Wear general protective gloves, eg. light weight rubber gloves.
Body protection	See Other protection below
Other protection	No special equipment needed when handling small quantities. <b>OTHERWISE:</b> • Overalls. • Barrier cream. • Eyewash unit.

# **Respiratory protection**

- Cartridge respirators should never be used for emergency ingress or in areas of unknown vapour concentrations or oxygen content.
- The wearer must be warned to leave the contaminated area immediately on detecting any odours through the respirator. The odour may indicate that the mask is not functioning properly, that the vapour concentration is too high, or that the mask is not properly fitted. Because of these limitations, only restricted use of cartridge respirators is considered appropriate.
- Cartridge performance is affected by humidity. Cartridges should be changed after 2 hr of continuous use unless it is determined that the humidity is less than 75%, in which case, cartridges can be used for 4 hr. Used cartridges should be discarded daily, regardless of the length of time used

# **SECTION 9** Physical and chemical properties

#### Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance	Pale yellow to yellow-brown solid; does not mix with water.			
Physical state	Non Slump Paste	Relative density (Water = 1)	~0.9	
Odour	Not Available	Partition coefficient n-octanol / water	Not Available	
Odour threshold	Not Available	Auto-ignition temperature (°C)	Not Available	
pH (as supplied)	Not Applicable	Decomposition temperature (°C)	Not Available	
Melting point / freezing point (°C)	Not Available	Viscosity (cSt)	Not Available	
Initial boiling point and boiling range (°C)	Not Available	Molecular weight (g/mol)	Not Applicable	
Flash point (°C)	>250	Taste	Not Available	
Evaporation rate	Not Available	Explosive properties	Not Available	
Flammability	Not Applicable	Oxidising properties	Not Available	
Upper Explosive Limit (%)	Not Available	Surface Tension (dyn/cm or mN/m)	Not Available	
Lower Explosive Limit (%)	Not Available	Volatile Component (%vol)	Not Available	
Vapour pressure (kPa)	Not Available	Gas group	Not Available	
Solubility in water	Immiscible	pH as a solution (1%)	Not Applicable	
Vapour density (Air = 1)	Not Available	VOC g/L	Not Available	

### **SECTION 10 Stability and reactivity**

Reactivity	See section 7
Chemical stability	Product is considered stable and hazardous polymerisation will not occur.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	See section 7
Conditions to avoid	See section 7
Incompatible materials	See section 7
Hazardous decomposition products	See section 5

### **SECTION 11 Toxicological information**

# Information on toxicological effects

Chronic	Long-term exposure to the product is not thought to using animal models); nevertheless exposure by all	produce chronic effects adverse to the health (as classified by EC Directives routes should be minimised as a matter of course.
Eye	Although the material is not thought to be an irritant transient discomfort characterised by tearing or conj	(as classified by EC Directives), direct contact with the eye may produce unctival redness (as with windburn).
Skin Contact	5	th effects or skin irritation following contact (as classified by EC Directives practice requires that exposure be kept to a minimum and that suitable gloves
Ingestion	The material has <b>NOT</b> been classified by EC Direction of the lack of corroborating animal or human evidence	ves or other classification systems as "harmful by ingestion". This is because ce.
Inhaled	5 1	th effects or irritation of the respiratory tract (as classified by EC Directives oractice requires that exposure be kept to a minimum and that suitable contro

DEOX R555 All Purpose	ΤΟΧΙΟΙΤΥ	IRRITATION		
Lanolin Wool Grease	Not Available	Not Available		
Legend:	1. Value obtained from Europe ECHA Registered Substances - Acute toxicity 2. Value obtained from manufacturer's SDS.			
	Unless otherwise specified data extracted from RTECS - Register of Toxic Effect of chemical Substances			

Acute Toxicity	×	Carcinogenicity	×
Skin Irritation/Corrosion	×	Reproductivity	×
Serious Eye Damage/Irritation	×	STOT - Single Exposure	×
Respiratory or Skin sensitisation	×	STOT - Repeated Exposure	×
Mutagenicity	×	Aspiration Hazard	×

X – Data either not available or does not fill the criteria for classificatio
 V – Data available to make classification

# **SECTION 12 Ecological information**

xicity					
	Endpoint	Test Duration (hr)	Species	Value	Source
DEOX R555 All Purpose Lanolin Wool Grease	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
Legend:	Legend: Extracted from 1. IUCLID Toxicity Data 2. Europe ECHA Registered Substances - Ecotoxicological Information - Aquatic 4. US EPA, Ecotox database - Aquatic Toxicity Data 5. ECETOC Aquatic Hazard Assessment Data 6. NITE (Japan) - Bioconcentration Data 7. METI (Japan) - Bioconcentration Data 8. Vendor Data				

# Persistence and degradability

Ingredient	Persistence: Water/Soil	Persistence: Air
	No Data available for all ingredients	No Data available for all ingredients

# **Bioaccumulative potential**

Ingredient	Bioaccumulation	
	No Data available for all ingredients	

# Mobility in soil

Ingredient	Mobility
	No Data available for all ingredients

#### Waste treatment methods

Product / Packaging disposal	<ul> <li>Recycle wherever possible or consult manufacturer for recycling options.</li> <li>Consult State Land Waste Authority for disposal.</li> <li>Bury or incinerate residue at an approved site.</li> <li>Recycle containers if possible, or dispose of in an authorised landfill.</li> </ul>
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Ensure that the hazardous substance is disposed in accordance with the Hazardous Substances (Disposal) Notice 2017

### **Disposal Requirements**

Not applicable as substance/ material is non hazardous.

### **SECTION 14 Transport information**

#### Labels Required

Marine Pollutant	NO
HAZCHEM	Not Applicable

### Land transport (ADG): NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS

#### Land transport (UN): NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS

Air transport (ICAO-IATA / DGR): NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS

# Sea transport (IMDG-Code / GGVSee): NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS

#### Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC code

Not Applicable

#### Transport in bulk in accordance with MARPOL Annex V and the IMSBC Code

Product name Group
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#### Transport in bulk in accordance with the IGC Code

Product name	Ship Type
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# **SECTION 15 Regulatory information**

#### Safety, health and environmental regulations / legislation specific for the substance or mixture

This substance is to be managed using the conditions specified in an applicable Group Standard

HSR Number	Group Standard
Not Applicable	Not Applicable

Please refer to Section 8 of the SDS for any applicable tolerable exposure limit or Section 12 for environmental exposure limit.

### **Hazardous Substance Location**

Subject to the Health and Safety at Work (Hazardous Substances) Regulations 2017.

Hazard Class	Quantities
Not Applicable	Not Applicable

#### **Certified Handler**

Subject to Part 4 of the Health and Safety at Work (Hazardous Substances) Regulations 2017.

Class of substance	Quantities
Not Applicable	Not Applicable

Refer Group Standards for further information

#### Maximum quantities of certain hazardous substances permitted on passenger service vehicles

Subject to Regulation 13.14 of the Health and Safety at Work (Hazardous Substances) Regulations 2017.

Part Number: Version No: **2.1** 

# DEOX R555 All Purpose Lanolin Wool Grease

Hazard Class	Gas (aggregate water capacity in mL)	Liquid (L)	Solid (kg)	Maximum quantity per package for each classification
Not Applicable	Not Applicable	Not Applicable	Not Applicable	Not Applicable

### **Tracking Requirements**

Not Applicable

### **National Inventory Status**

National Inventory	Status		
Australia - AIIC / Australia Non-Industrial Use	Not Available		
Canada - DSL	Not Available		
Canada - NDSL	Not Available		
China - IECSC	Not Available		
Europe - EINEC / ELINCS / NLP	Not Available		
Japan - ENCS	Not Available		
Korea - KECI	Not Available		
New Zealand - NZIoC	Not Available		
Philippines - PICCS	Not Available		
USA - TSCA	Not Available		
Taiwan - TCSI	Not Available		
Mexico - INSQ	Not Available		
Vietnam - NCI	Not Available		
Russia - FBEPH	Not Available		
Legend:	Yes = All CAS declared ingredients are on the inventory No = One or more of the CAS listed ingredients are not on the inventory. These ingredients may be exempt or will require registration.		

### **SECTION 16 Other information**

Revision Date	26/04/2023
Initial Date	26/04/2023

#### Other information

Classification of the preparation and its individual components has drawn on official and authoritative sources as well as independent review by the Chemwatch Classification committee using available literature references.

The SDS is a Hazard Communication tool and should be used to assist in the Risk Assessment. Many factors determine whether the reported Hazards are Risks in the workplace or other settings. Risks may be determined by reference to Exposures Scenarios. Scale of use, frequency of use and current or available engineering controls must be considered.